BRAILLE LITERACY CANADA (formerly the Canadian Braille Authority)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unaudited

December 31, 2017

BRAILLE LITERACY CANADA For the year ended December 31, 2017 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unaudited

December 31, 2017

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BRAILLE LITERACY CANADA

Statement of Financial Position

For the year ended December 31, 2017 Unaudited

	2017	2016
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses Public service body rebate receivable	\$ 7,637 50 1,180 \$ 8,867	\$ 10,240 - 635 \$ 10,875
LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred memberships	\$ 2,400 610 3,010	\$ 2,905 - 2,905
Funded Reserves: Canadian Braille Literacy Foundation Grants: Standarized French Braille Code	1,437_	1,437
Brailler Bounce Initiative Edie Mourre Scholarship Fund Translation of UEB Rulebook from English to French	(2,525) 500 	(2,350)
Surplus	(588) 6,445 \$ 8,867	(913) 8,883 \$ 10,875
Approved on behalf of the board: Director		y titles

BRAILLE LITERACY CANADA Statement of Income and Surplus For the year ended December 31, 2017

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	2017	2016
Revenue Donations and grants (note 3) Membership fees	\$ 13,415 3,175 16,590	\$ 15,580 1,605 17,185
Expenses Bank charges Insurance Legal and accounting fees Meetings and conferences Memberships Miscellaneous Website design and development	285 702 2,517 10,747 677 529 3,571 19,028	215 702 2,417 11,772 681 32 683 16,502
Net income (loss) for the year	(2,438)	683
Surplus, beginning of year Transfer from (to) funded reserves	8,883	11,353 (3,153)
Surplus, end of year	\$ 6,445	\$ 8,883

Unaudited

Standardized French Braille Code

		2017	2016
Balance, beginning of year	_\$	1,437	\$ 1,437
Balance, end of year	\$	1,437	\$ 1,437

Unaudited

Brailler Bounce Initiative

	2017		2016
Balance, beginning of year	\$ (2,350)	\$	(1,929)
Disbursements during the year: Service and repairs Shipping	 175 - 175	: <u> </u>	200 221 421
Balance, end of year	\$ (2,525)	\$	(2,350)

Unaudited

Edie Mourre Scholarship Fund

		2017		2016
Balance, beginning of year	_\$		_\$_	(e)
Donations		500 500		
Less disbursements during the year Scholarship	W .		i .	n=0
Balance, end of year	\$	500	\$	(-)

Unaudited

Translation of UEB Rulebook from English to French

		2017		2016
Balance, beginning of year	\$		\$	(3,153)
Transfer from general funds	i .	-		3,153 3,153
Less disbursements during the year: Translation services	i 		ā 	
Balance, end of year	\$		_\$:=:

BRAILLE LITERACY CANADA Statement of Receipts and Disbursements For the year ended December 31, 2017

Unaudited

Receipts	2017	2016
Grants and donations	\$ 13,915	\$ 15,580
Membership fees	3,175	1,605
	17,090	17,185
Disbursements		
Bank charges	285	215
Insurance	702	702
Legal and accounting fees	2,517	2,417
Meetings and conferences	10,747	11,772
Memberships	677	681
Miscellaneous	529	32
Service and repairs	175	200
Shipping	-	221
Website design	3,571	683
	19,203	16,923
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements	\$ (2,113)	\$ 262

BRAILLE LITERACY CANADA Statement of Changes in Cash Flow For the year ended December 31, 2017 Unaudited

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		2017	2016
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities Net income (loss) for the year Transfer from/(to) funded reserves	\$	(2,438)	\$ 683 (3,153) (2,470)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances (Increase) / decrease in prepaid expenses (Increase) / decrease in public service body rebate Increase / (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase / (decrease) in deferred memberships Increase in funded reserves		(50) (545) (505) 610 325 (165)	- 886 (1,377) - 2,732 2,241
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the year		(2,603)	(229)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	0.	10,240	 10,469
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	7,637	\$ 10,240

1. Purpose of the Organization

Braille Literacy Canada/Littératie Braille Canada ("BLC") is a registered charity incorporated without share capital under the laws of Canada on August 3, 1990. BLC changed its name from the Canadian Braille Authority by way of supplementary letter patent dated November 30, 2012. BLC is not subject to income taxes pursuant to exemptions accorded to registered charities in the income tax legislation, provided certain criteria are met.

BLC is dedicated to improving access to information for blind and visually impaired persons by participating in research related to all aspects of braille, encouraging the use and development of braille technology, establishing, adopting and monitoring standards for the production and teaching of braille and encouraging the use of braille in the home, school and general community.

The head office is located at 1929 Bayview Avenue in Toronto, Ontario.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Fund accounting

Revenues and expenses relating to administrative activities are reported in the Statement of Income and Surplus.

Revenues and expenses relating to program delivery are reported in the Statement of Changes in Funded Reserves.

Significant accounting policies (continued)

The Standardized French Braille Code Fund reports revenues and expenses related to unifying existing Braille codes amongst French speaking countries.

The Brailler Bounce Initiative Fund reports revenues and expenses related to BLC's brailler redistribution service, whereby unused and surplus braille writing equipment is collected, repaired and refurbished as required, and then provided to braille-using children and adults who do not otherwise have access to such equipment.

The Edie Mourre Scholarship Fund awards scholarships to deserving individuals to help them pursue braille transcription or proofreading certification.

The Translation of Unified English Braille (UEB) Rulebook from English to French Fund reports revenues and expenses related to the translation to French of the new rules for the production of English Braille for use by French Braille producers.

(b) Revenue Recognition

BLC follows the restricted fund method whereby externally restricted contributions are recognized in the fund corresponding to the purpose for which they were contributed. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the general fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonable assured.

Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund when earned. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the general fund when earned.

Membership fees are recognized as revenue in the year to which it corresponds.

Significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Cash

Cash includes cash deposits with financial institutions.

(d) Contributed Services

The value of goods and services is recorded as revenue and an expense in the financial statements when the fair value can be reasonably estimated and when the goods and services would otherwise be purchased if not donated.

BLC is dependent upon and thankful for the many hours contributed by its members. Since volunteer time is not purchased, these contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

(e) Financial Instruments

BLC initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

BLC subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of income and surplus in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and cash equivalents. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires the Board to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the current period.

All estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to the statement of operations as appropriate in the year they become known.

3. Donations and grants

Included in revenue from donations and grants is \$10,700 (2016 - \$15,000) in operational funding received from Canadian National Institute for the Blind ("CNIB"), representing 63% (2016 - 87%) of total revenue.

4. Financial instruments

BLC is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the BLC's risk exposure and concentrations.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. BLC is not exposed to credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that BLC will not be able to meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due. BLC meets its liquidity requirements by preparing and monitoring forecasts of cash flows from operations.

Financial instruments (continued)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk

Currency risk reflects the risk that BLC's earnings will decline due to the fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. BLC has no financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency and therefore is not exposed to currency risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. BLC is not exposed to interest rate risk.

Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar instruments in the market.

BLC is not exposed to other price risk.

Changes in risk

There have been no changes in the BLC's risk exposures from the prior year.